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Deliv: Feb. 19. 1796. { March 18th
1800.

With this Gent. we conclude our
for the present year.

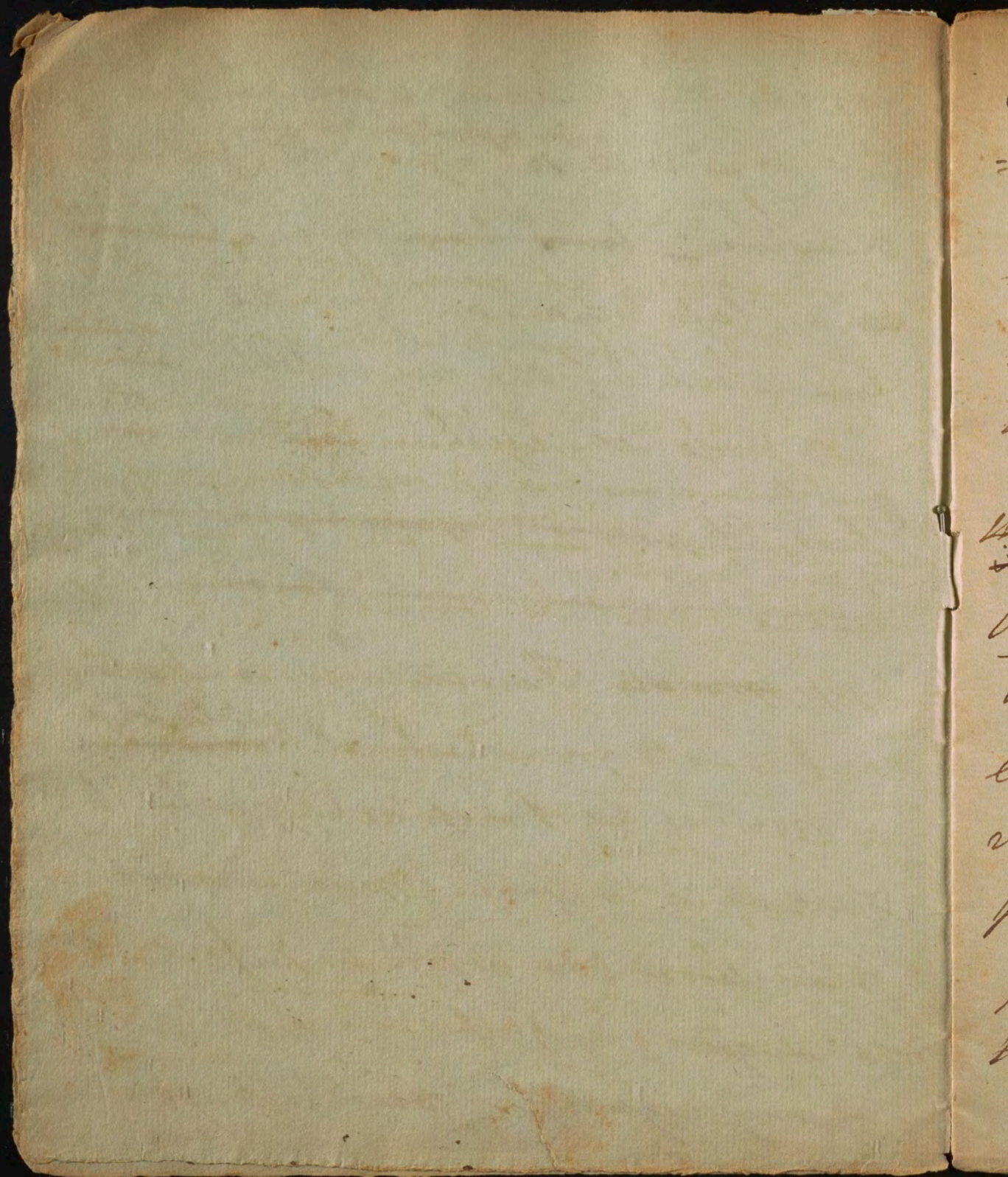
Course of Lectures. [It has been the
most extensive in its objects I have
ever delivered upon the Institutes of
in this University.
~~Medicine~~ I have omitted no part
of the Subjects ~~as far as~~ enumerated in
our Syllabus, but the local diseases,
and these must be obvious to you
from the principles delivered in
explaining the causes of general
diseases.]

The last hour spent by a
Professor with pupils who are to
be separated from him, (perhaps

✓ never before this day - did I enter
this room - but with pleasure, and

for ever) is generally a solomon One. I
 but it ~~is~~ to be so ^{in a peculiar manner} upon the present
 occasion; ~~for I have never listened~~ ^{have I met}
~~to~~ a Class who have merited more
 from me by the regularity, ^{of this} ~~and~~
 and propriety of their Conduct ^{than} ~~in~~
 you have done - since the commencement
~~their Attendance upon the~~
 of our course. -
~~instruction given in this course. -~~

I ~~should~~ Permit me to employ
 the few moments which ^{still bind} ~~remain~~
 in together as Preceptor & Pupils, by
 suggesting to you the following short
 Articles of Advice. They will be the
 strongest proofs I can give you in
 of my regard for your future interests

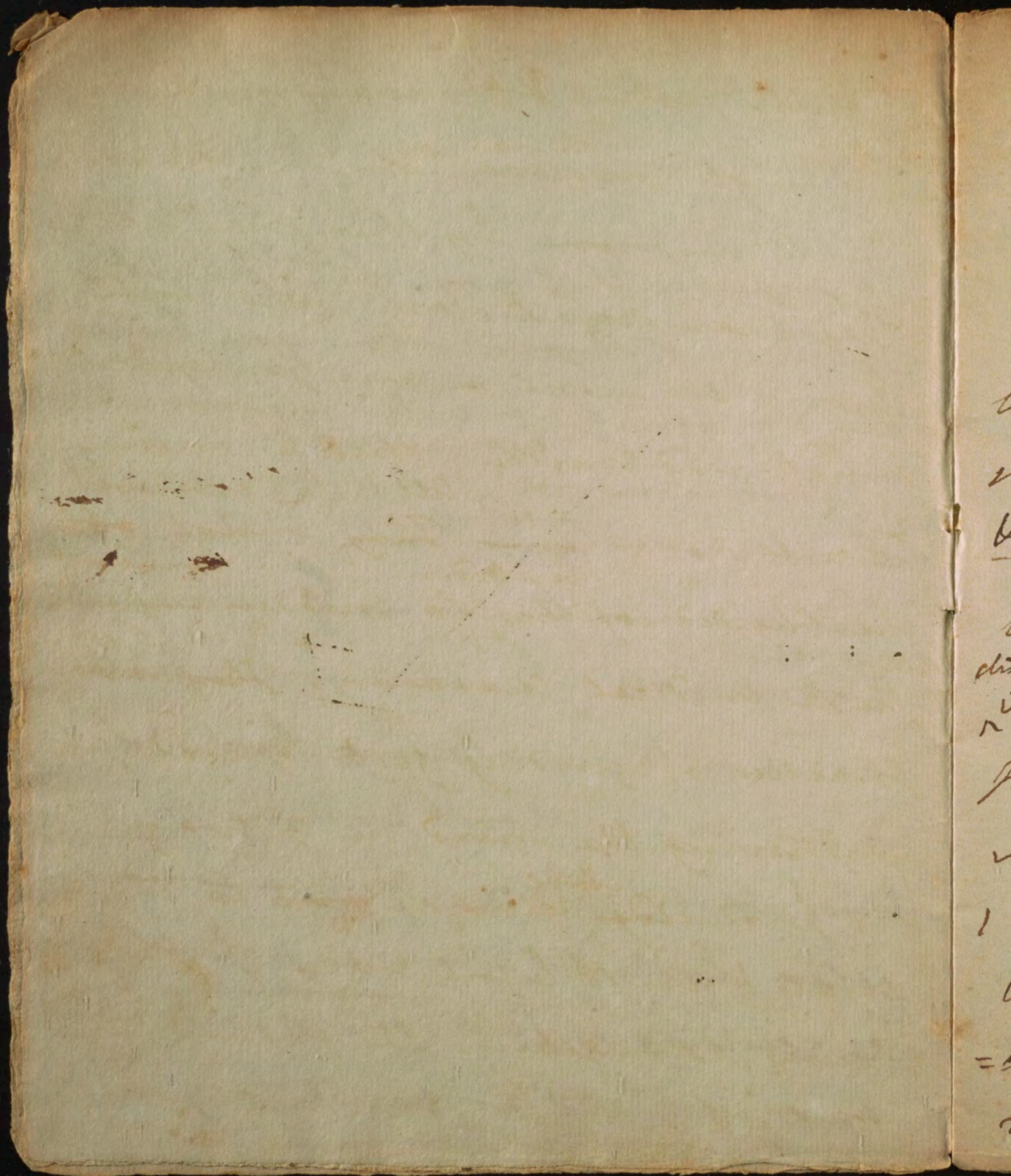


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last &

& happiness in this our ^{last} parting in-
-terview. —

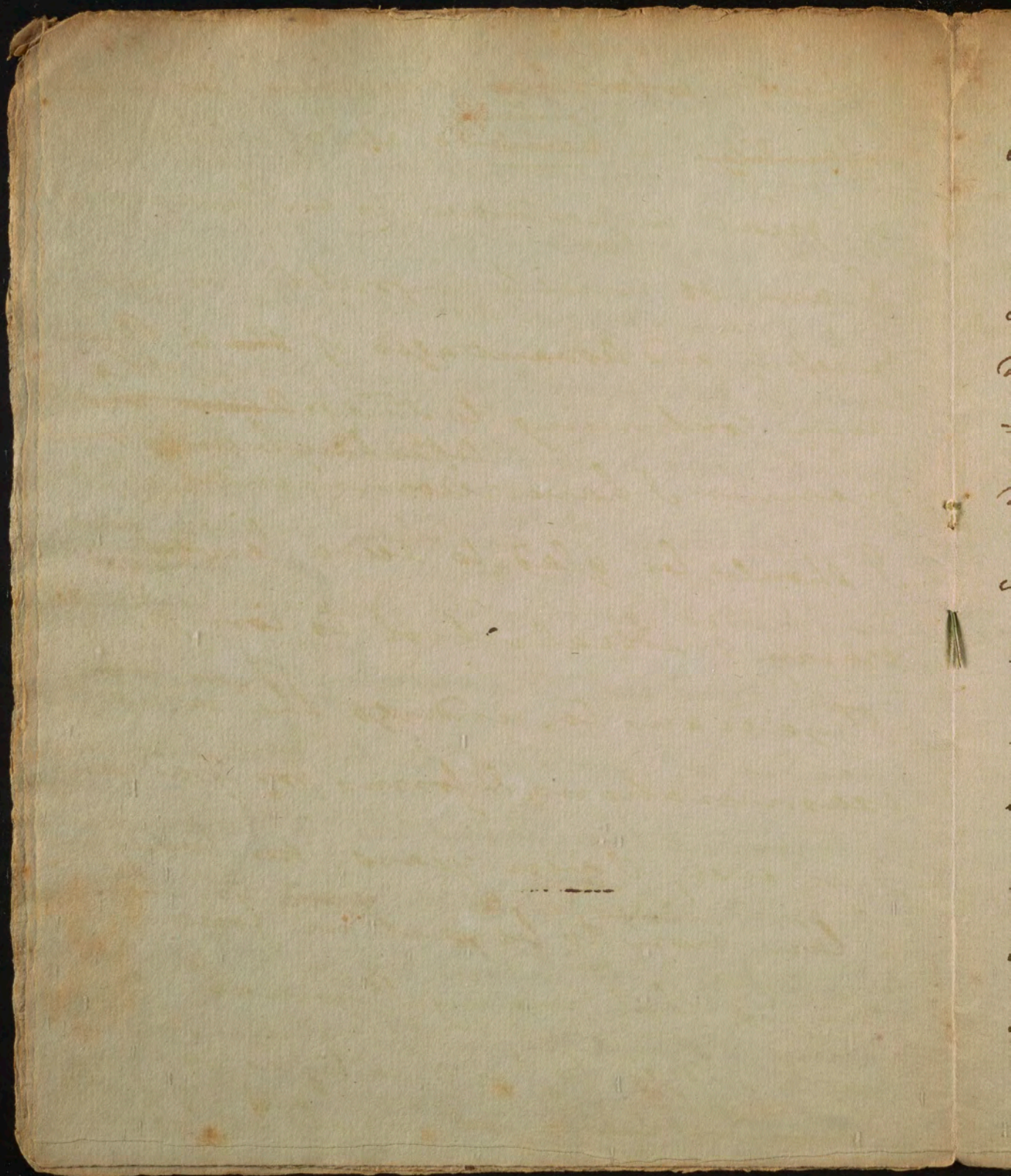
I let me advise you by no means
to suppose that you have finished
the study of ^{medicine,} ~~Physic~~, when you leave
the University, & enter upon Practice.
— However useful ^{experience &} Observation may be,
^{they} ~~it~~ will not of ^{themselves} ~~itself~~ make a Physician.
Reading must be connected with it.
Appropriate therefore your first
earnings to purchasing Books. Let
no day pass without applying some
part of it to study. Open a common
place book as soon as possible for
the recording of facts, ^{& Epidemics} and of such ideas
as or reflections as occur to you



from reading & observation. You
cannot conceive how much you
will improve by this practice.

~~The man says Dr. Clark who will
become eminent in any profession
must "read much - think much
& write much" - All these 3 exercises
in order ^{to produce} perfection
be blended together ^{in order} to produce perfection
in a medical character. ^{the} ~~man~~~~

Practice of recording facts operates in
improving the mind in 3 ways.
1 it produces ^{close} attention ~~and~~ to the
objects, & events before us - 2^{ly} it ex-
ercises & strengthens the memory in
recollating them, and lastly it



facility 5
creates ~~facility~~ ^{facility} Conciseness, taste and
~~facility~~ ^{Composition} in ~~writing~~, all of which are
of great importance to a Physician.

I am so much impressed with the
necessity and Advantages of ~~the~~ a Physi-
cian continuing to study ~~after~~ ^{in the}
manner I have recommended; ^{After they begin to practice} that

I should be glad to see a law of in
every medical School to compel
Physicians to undergo the usual
examinations & forms for Graduating
Once every seven years. ~~as~~ ^{wherefore}
a law now to be put in force. I am
satisfied that many Physicians who
were judged to be qualified for a
~~second~~ ^{first} degree, ~~at~~ ^{might} would be ~~refused~~

✓ It is said that the discovery of the
 circulation of the blood by Dr Harvey was
 not rec^d by any of his contemporary
 Physicians who were above 40 years
 of age. This probably arose from the
~~opification of~~ ^{contraction} of ~~tempor~~ ^{by} ~~tempor~~ ^{Reading} acquired by their minds ~~from~~
 the neglect of reading, for ~~this~~ ^{Reading} by
 creating a habit of seeing & believing
ⁱⁿ new things, ~~prevents~~ ^{keeps up such a supposition} the mind ~~from~~
 as to prepare and enable it to
 admitting new truths upon all
 Subjects.

It is not sufficient gent: to read the
 same books, but once in your lives.
 Tho such as ~~are~~ practical should be
 read every four or five years. many

After an ~~in an~~ examination for a second degree. The present fluctuating & improving state of medicine renders ~~reading & study~~ ^{for a Physician} more proper at this time, than ever it was before, it any age of the world. ✓

Let me advise you rigidly to adhere to your principles in medicine, and by no means to sacrifice them to the prejudices of your patients or ^{of} your brethren in ~~medicine~~ ^{consultations}. — ~~In this way~~

Dr Sydenham lamented in the close of his life, the violence he had done to the dictates of his conscience, by consenting to the use of Remedies imposed upon him in Consultations, which

every day

Things will strike you upon ~~reading~~
the reading of ^{practical authors} these books which escaped
notice
you in the infant or contracted state
of your knowledge. I ~~once thought that~~
I was master The most useful of these
practical Authors are, ^{Cullen - Vanswieten} Huxham, - Cleghorn, Willany,
Clark - ^{Jackson -} Lind, Mosely, Riverius - Bell, Senac,
Alibert, and above
all the immortal Sydenham. The medical
Essays of ~~London~~ & Observations pub-
lished by the different Societies in London
& ^{the United States} ~~Paris~~: and the ~~great~~ Duncanson's excellent
medical
Commentaries lately reprinted by Mr
Dobson should form a part of every
practical ^{as most} medical library. ~~Scarcely~~
of these books are to be had in this

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were contrary to his judgement. Try
 first to persuade your brethren by
 gentleness and reasoning to adopt
 your opinions & practice. If from
 age they refuse to be won by the
 former; or convinced by the latter,
 invade of treating them, - peaceably
^{yourselves} separate from them. In this way
 you will improve ~~yourself~~ By
 adopting this conduct I have
~~done less than~~ ~~more good~~, & improved
 myself more in my profession in ^{five} ~~the~~
 7 years than I did in ~~any~~ ^{the} previous
 20 ~~ten~~ years of my life. But I have
 done more, - I have made known
 to our citizens that ^{there} ~~are~~ is a difference

city, I hope none of you will leave
it with a design to begin practice,
without carrying them with ^{you.} Books
of Speculation in medicine may be
purchased with the increasing resour-
ces of your industry ~~hereafter~~ ^{at a future day.} go to p 20

[In your researches in medicine, do not ^{lose}
^{any one of the usual sources of know-}
rely exclusively upon ~~observation, experiments~~
very Observation - experiment or Reasoning.

They are all subject to fallacy ~~when dependent~~
^{in their separate states.}
upon ~~any themselves~~. The senses are not more
dependant on each other, and Reason ^{is} not
more dependant upon the senses, and the senses
upon Reason, than Observation ~~at~~ experiment.
and reasoning are dependant upon each other.
~~Their Union is~~ ^{is} indispensably necessary ~~to~~
ⁱⁿ
our Science above all others,
~~correct and perfect each other, & every~~
^{in medicine}
Attempt to separate them is an Act of

among our Physicians
of opinions & practice in medicine.
This has led them to inquire into
what the difference consists — and
to attend to the different issue of our
Remedies. The consequence ^{of this inquiry & attention} has been,
a decision in ^{many} most cases in favor
of those Remedies. Hence the Physicians
who ^{were most} opposed to the new practice have
been compelled ~~by this~~ to adopt it.
~~That~~ In vain have they attempted to
elude the charge of being ^{followers} imitators of
this ~~new~~ practice by varying the forms
in which they administer, or apply
the new remedies. In spite of all
they can do, ~~this~~ in many cases
they have become the Apothecaries of

